Annals of Dermatological Research

Volume - 9, Issue - 1

Case Report Published Date:- 2025-01-31

The Need of Wider and Deeper Skin Biopsy in Verrucous Carcinoma of the Sole

Verrucous carcinoma is a rare, slow-growing squamous cell carcinoma that can occur in acral regions, including the plantar surface, being named carcinoma cuniculatum. The tumor presents as a well-demarcated, exudative lesion, resembling benign conditions like warts or infections. In this case, a verrucous lesion on the left plantar surface initially appeared to be non-malignant, with multiple incisional biopsies showing only inflammation. A final excisional biopsy of a large part of it confirmed the initial suspicion of malignancy, prompting complete excision and appropriate management. This case underscores the importance of performing wide and deep biopsies for early diagnosis and timely treatment of a suspected verrucous carcinoma.

Review Article Published Date:- 2025-01-07

The Ailments and their Treatments & Function of Integumentary Systems: A Details Review

A details development in recent dermal studies being carried out and purposed dermal studies is investigated in this research review globally and the various disease and process functions and treatment with symptoms and etiology and pathophysiology of skin-related issues are studies and practically feasible solution of various integumentary systems related problem and it's function is researched and almost 30 types of common skin related diseases and remedies studies by researcher and it's company KIRDPL in global perspectives and especially in tropical climate zone in various cases in patients is mentioned including plastic surgery to gene therapy and dermabrasion to the genetic disease as well. The integumentary systems in the animal kingdom as a whole are focused and homosapiens' human dermal functions and their development and future developments of stem cells laboratory-grown skin coats of different colors for shedding and treatments of cancerous skin and integumentary system and gene therapy of the ailments are discussed.